6 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

6.1 DISPOSAL OF WASTE ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT

European law requires that household waste from electrical and electronic equipment is collected separately from normal domestic waste and then properly recycled.

The ACE is marked with the crossed out wheeled bin symbol(shown opposite), in accordance with the European directive 2002/96/EC, which means that you must return any damaged or "end-of-life" units to your local authorised collection centre. GFB Designs will provide advice regarding the correct disposal procedures.

6.2 WARRANTY

All *GFB Designs* products are guaranteed against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 24 months from the date of purchase. Should a defect arise within this period, the product will be repaired or replaced free of charge PROVIDED:-

- The product has been used and maintained in accordance with our instructions and (where applicable) any electrical ratings.
- No physical damage has occurred whilst the product is in the customer's possession.
- The fault has not been caused by any other form of misuse or neglect.

This guarantee is in addition to, and does not diminish, your statutory rights – for further information please contact your local Trading Standards Authority.

6.3 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The undersigned declares that the ACE DCC Controller - manufactured by GFB Designs (contact details below) - complies, where applicable, in with the following European directives:-

93/68/CEE (CE marking) 2014/35/EU (Low voltage)

2011/65/EU (RoHS) 2014/30/EC (electromagnetic compatibility)

Relevant parts of the following standards have been used to demonstrate electromagnetic compatibility:-

BS FN 61000-6-1:2007

BS EN 61000-6-3:2007

Fraser Black, Proprietor

6.4 CONTACT DETAILS

signatrak@glrailways.com

01446 789084

Open Mon-Fri, 9AM-4PM

ACE3 DCC Controller User Manual DCS2044
V1.4 Last Updated: 15/05/2025 Page 54 of 54 Sig-naTrak® by GFB Designs

Sig-naTrak® Model railway electronics by GFB Designs

ACE3 DCC Controller User Manual (also includes use of the DRIVER handsets)



Updated for Version 1.4

Introduction.....

The *ACE3* is the result of more than three years' design and development work and is a fully-featured model railway controller utilising the time-proven and internationally-standardised *Digital Command Control* (DCC) system. Despite its internal complexity, the *ACE3* is simple to use as we have designed it with you – the railway modeller – in mind. We want you to enjoy operating your layout without having to worry about complicated technical issues or computer jargon!

You naturally want to get "up and running" immediately, so we have included the "Quick Start Guide", starting on page 6 of this manual, to enable you to drive your first train as soon as possible. However, we would encourage you to read the whole of this manual carefully in order to fully understand all of the features that the *ACE3* offers.

Enjoy using the *ACE3*, but please note that it is a "state of the art" piece of equipment and needs to be treated as such! In particular..........

- Take care not to knock or drop the ACE3.
- Use only your finger and/or the plastic stylus on the touch screen.
- Do not operate the unit in damp, or excessively cold, environments.
- THE ACE3 IS NOT A TOY and it should not be used by persons under the age of 14 years unless supervised by an adult.
- Do not make any electrical connections to the *ACE3* other than as described in this manual.
- Do not power the ACE3 from any electrical source other than the power supply packaged with the unit without first consulting GFB Designs.
- Do not attempt to dismantle or otherwise tamper with the power supply.

See Section 5.1 for new features in the 1.4 update and Section 5.2 for detailed information on how to use them.

The rest of the manuals V1.4 updates will be shown in a red box with white writing like this one

ACE3 DCC Controller User Manual DCS2044
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In order to use the route you need to be in Accessory mode selected on the main screen.

Tap the Route button shown below and select the route in the list you want to change (1-80)





When you press the set button to set a route it will flash up saying PLEASE WAIT

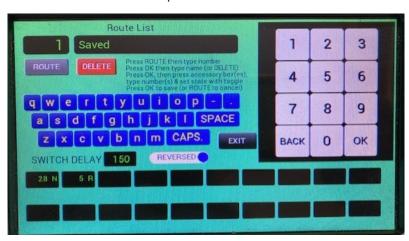
Please wait for the route setting to complete, if you move off the screen before hand the route will not fully set.

END OF ACE3 V1.4 User manual and updates

Follow the instructions in the middle of the screen to add accessories to a route.

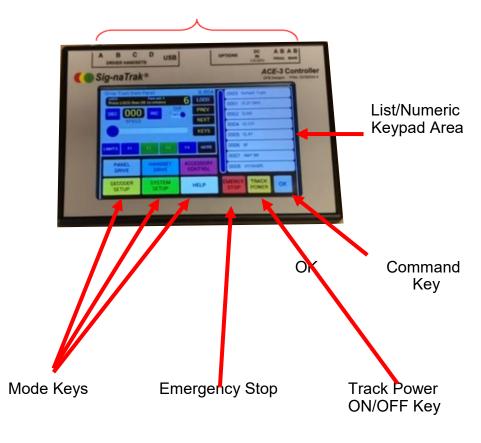


- 1. Press the Route Button
- 2. Type in the number you want to edit (1-80) and press OK
- 3. Type in the name you would like for the route and press OK
- 4. Tap on first black accessory box, type the number of the accessory you want the route to change first, BEFORE pressing OK select whether you want it to be in the normal direction on the reverse direction by tapping the slider toggle. Now tap the next black box.
- 5. Repeat until you have all the accessories you need in the route and then press OK
- 6. Press Exit to finish or tap Route to edit another route



The ACE3 Front Panel

Electrical Connections



1 QUICK START GUIDE

Follow these simple steps to start running.....

- i) Carefully unpack the ACE3, its power supply and accessories bag containing the output connector and touch stylus.
- ii) Locate the output connector and orientate it as shown here:-



- iii) Insert a wire into each of the MAIN TRACK terminals, A and B, and tighten the terminal screws. We recommend PCV-covered, stranded wire with approximately 6 to 10mm of insulation stripped from the end. See section (2.1.2) if you need advice on suitable wire sizes.
- iv) Connect the free ends of each wire to either a section of track or your layout, as shown below, and fully insert the connector into the matching socket on the ACE3 – note that the connector's screws face **down**.



(The exact method of connecting the wires to the track section, or your layout, will vary in accordance with your setup and preferences. However, we recommend that all wiring to track rails is soldered for reliability.)

Place chosen

locomotive (or train) on the test track (or layout).

v)

vour

5.2 Firmware V1.4 Feature Guide:

The version 1.4 update brings with it some exciting new features as mentioned on the previous page:

Storage capacity

Memory capacity for both locomotives and accessories is each increased from 125 to 319. If you try and exceed the storage capacity (lucky you if you have that many locomotives!) the ACE3 will warn you that the memory is full. You can either not add anymore trains or remove another loco from the list

Button Function Sets

You can now have double the amount of function sets saved than before (from 26 up to 52). See section 2.3 System Setup for details on how to setup function buttons for locomotives

Variable Max Current Selection

On the system setup screen you can now select the max current trip limit of your ACE3. Very useful if you have a small layout or only a few locos running. In case of a short with a loco it will not take the full 6 Amps through it. To adjust simply select the + and - buttons as shown below

Route Mode

The route mode allows you to select up to 20 accessories of any type and put them in a route. The ACE3 can support up to 80 routes in total. In order to set these up it is advisable to have a pen and pad, then write down the accessory digital addresses that you wish to put in a route. Also noting whether they need to be thrown or closed.

Setting up a route:

SYSTEM Press the system setup button and select yes to turn off power and

enter the setup mode

Tap on the Route Setting button



5.1 CURRENT FEATURES, FUTURE FEATURES AND UPDATES

V1.2 Features:

- Power Supply 6 Amps
- Full 7 Inch Touch Screen
- 120 loco capacity
- 16 Function Sets
- Loco List for easy selection of locomotives
- Accessory List for easy selection of accessories
- Locomotive and accessory control
- Easy locomotive programming
- USB link for updates via PC
- Consisting options for multiple locos (up to 6)
- 4 Handset ports

V1.4 Features

- Store up to 319 Locos & 319 Accessories
- 52 Function Sets (A-Z and a-z)
- Variable max current selection
- New Route Mode for setting up to 20 Accessories at a time. Up to 80 routes available
- Fix bug with maximum characters in function buttons. At present in the V1.2 release a maximum of 130 characters (A-Z, 0-9) can be shown across the 29 function buttons.
- Fix bug with programming DAC22 for solenoid motors

In further updates/releases

- Full PC control via layout control software, eg iTrain
- Re allocation of function keys on driver handset to different functions
- LYNX add on module with both LOCONET and XPRESSNET ports
- New Handset Type for loco selection from handset

Updates:

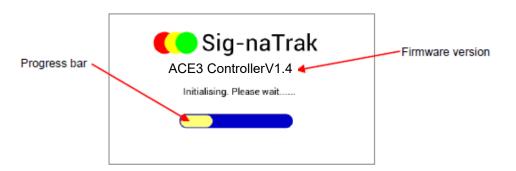
Updates will be issued periodically as new features are setup such as those mentioned above. Also quality of use updates may come out from time to time as required.

Any suggestions for features and updates if viable may be used in future updates, so your feedback is important to provide continuous improvement of the ACE3 Controller

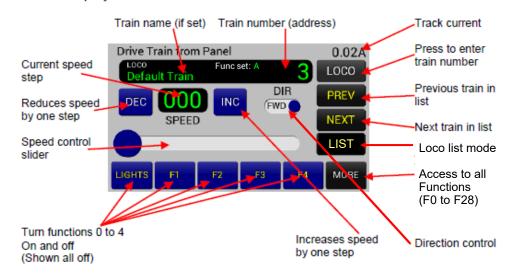
Please email us at signatrak@glrailways.com or call us on 01446 789084.

- vi) Plug the mains lead into the 3 pin socket on the power supply and then insert the mains plug into a wall outlet. Switch on the mains supply and check that the green indicator on the power supply is illuminated.
- vii) Insert the power supply's DC plug into the "DC IN" socket on the ACE.

After a short delay (5 seconds) you will be presented with the **SELF-TEST SCREEN:-**



The ACE will perform various internal tasks, turn on the MAIN TRACK power and then display then PANEL DRIVE screen:-



1.1 DRIVING YOUR FIRST TRAIN!

As shown above, the panel drive screen is set up to drive a train with locomotive address number 3 when first powered up (out of the box). This is because DCC decoders for locomotives are set to address 3 at the factory.

If the decoder in the train you want to drive has already been set to another address, proceed as follows:-

- viii) Touch the LOCO key then type in your required number (address).
- Notice that the LOCO key has changed to FITTER. Now touch this key to activate your entered address.
- If your train has lights, try turning them on/off by touching the LIGHTS key. Notice that the key turns to a lighter shade of blue, and changes from a "3D" effect to "flat", when the function (lights, in this case) is ON.
- Set the direction of your train by touching the DIR toggle. Notice that the selected direction alternates, between FWD and REV, each time you touch the togale.
- xii) Now press on the blue circular **speed slider** knob. Keeping pressure on the circular knob, you can slide it right and left to start your train and control its speed.
- xiii) Fine adjustment of speed can be achieved more easily by using the.... DEC and INC buttons. Each of these buttons changes the train's speed by one step, when it is momentarily touched. If you keep pressure on either of these buttons, the train's speed will "ramp" down or up at the rate of about one speed step per second.

NOTE: The ACE operates with 128 speed steps by default (as supplied). This gives a smooth, precise control over the train's speed and is supported by all modern DCC locomotive decoders. You can select 14, or 28, speed step operation from the SYSTEM SETUP screen (see page 20) if you have an older decoder which requires this.

3.2.2 Configuring Accessories whilst on the Layout

The screens shown below are accessed from the DECODER SETUP screen by touching the ACCESSORY key, under the "PROGRAM ON MAIN TRACK" heading.



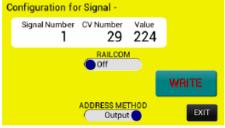


These provide the facility to adjust the operation of accessory decoders without having to disconnect them from the layout, but please bear in mind that not all accessory decoders support this.

3.2.3 Configuring Signals whilst on the Layout

As stated in section (3.1.3), the DCC instructions for multiple-aspect colourlight signals are not fully defined and so most manufacturers do not provide this feature7. The screens shown below have been included in the ACE "for completeness" as direct control of multiple-aspect signals may be provided as a future option.





⁷ The TT301 Colour-light Signal Decoder, by Traintronics, supports the extended accessory control instructions but we are not aware of any DCC controllers which generate the relevant instructions.

3.2.1 Configuring Train/Locomotive Decoders "on the main"

Touching the DECODER key, followed by the Loco key, under the

"PROGRAM ON MAIN TRACK" title, will display the following screen:-



The operation of this screen is similar to that described in section (3.1.1) above, with the following exceptions:-

- The MAIN track power remains on, and your layout will continue running.
- The locomotive whose features that you wish to adjust should also be on the main track.
- You can only WRITE to CVs there is no feedback or read-back from the main track.
- The locomotive's address must be entered BEFORE selecting and writing to the CV.

The associated decoder configuration screen is shown below. This is accessed by first entering the locomotive's address **in the screen shown above** and then touching **CONFIG.** .



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1.2 ADDING AND OPERATING A SECOND TRAIN

To operate another train, proceed as follows:-

- i) Place the second train on the track it must obviously have a decoderequipped locomotive or power car! Ensure that it cannot collide with your first train!
- ii) Select the address (number) of the second train/locomotive by touching the Loco key and then typing the address using the numeric keypad. Again, the LOCO key will change to ENTER. Touch this key to activate your second train's address.
- iii) You are now in control of the second train! It can be driven from the panel as described in section (1.1) above whilst the first train continues as previously commanded (i.e. it will continue to run if it was already moving when the second train was selected).
- iv) To return control to the first train, touch the PREV key. Notice that the second train continues as previously commanded.
- v) To regain control of the second train, touch the NEXT key. Notice that the first train continues as previously commanded.
- vi) You can now use the PREV/NEXT keys, as you wish, to swap control between the two trains.

THIS COMPLETES THE BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO DRIVING TRAINS
WITH THE ACE – WELL DONE SO FAR!

1.3 WHAT NEXT?

The following sections of this guide describe the operation of the ACE in more detail, allowing you to explore all of its features. You do not necessarily need to read them in order but we would encourage you to cover all sections at your leisure.

Most modellers will probably want to use our *DRIVER* handsets for train control – this is covered in sections (2.1.4) and (2.6) on pages 14 and 30.

2 OPERATION IN DETAIL

In addition to explaining the operation of the ACE controller, this manual is also intended to give related general advice with regard to the use of Digital Command Control. We hope that this will be useful if you are a newcomer to the world of DCC.

However, it is impossible to cover all necessary information "from the ground up" and so you may find it necessary to consult one of the several excellent DCC textbooks available. Also, it will be necessary to refer to the instruction manuals for your DCC decoders and/or locomotives.

Experienced DCC users will inevitably find some of the advice and information in this manual repetitive and may wish to skip the relevant sections.

2.1 CONNECTING UP THE ACE

To control a layout, you will need a minimum of the "Power Input" and the "Main Track Output" - additional connections will depend upon your requirements.

2.1.1 Power Input

The ACE3 is packaged with a suitable power supply for use with model railways from Z to O gauge (and even G!).

Please make sure that you use only the power supply that has come with your ACE3 Controller. It has been carefully selected to ensure it provides the correct current and voltage to the controller.

This will normally be sufficient to operate (run) around 10-12 OO gauge locomotive simultaneously (whilst possible it could be a challenge to keep a track of them all, even with all 4 handsets in use and the base stations panel drive!).

The ACE3 has been tested on an extensive 45ft x 30ft quadruple track main line with 3 separate yards. On this layout are approximately 40 locos, with 4-7 running at any one time (the rest are stationary & parked in the yards/stations).

3.2 PROGRAMMING ON THE MAIN TRACK

For decoders which support the feature, programming on the main - or operations-mode programming - is mainly recommended for adjustment of locomotive features or performance whilst running on the layout.

The advantages of this mode are:-

- The main track power is not turned off, so other operators can continue driving their trains.
- . The locomotive being adjusted does not have to be moved to the programming track.

The disadvantages, however, are:-

- Unless both the decoder and the controller are RailCom^{®6}-equipped, it is not possible to read back CV values in operations mode.
- · Full track current is available. This could damage a faulty or incorrectly-wired decoder.

ALWAYS test a new decoder installation using the PROG A B output (i.e. on a programming track, in the case of locomotives).

Some accessory decoders will also respond to operations-mode CV programming instructions which means that they can have features adjusted once connected to your layout. Examples of such devices are:-

- Sig-naTrak® GEM Point Motor
- Sig-naTrak® IMP Servo Controller
- Traintronics TT300 Point Motor
- Traintronics TT301 Colour-light Signal Decoder

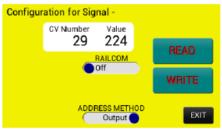
Electronik GmbH. The technology is protected by European and American patents.

3.1.3 Initial Setup of Signal Decoders

Note that signals are generally controlled from a standard accessory decoder and not a dedicated *signal decoder*. The title "signal decoder" refers to a device which is specifically designed to drive **multiple-aspect colour-light signals** and such devices are generally not supported by most DCC systems.

The NMRA has included DCC instructions for multiple-aspect colour-light signals in their standards, but has not fully defined them and so most manufacturers do not provide this feature⁵. The screens shown below have been included in the ACE "for completeness" as direct control of multiple-aspect signals may be provided as a future option.





To provide (turn on) the power input:-

- i) Firmly and fully insert the AC CONNECTOR on the mains lead into the AC RECEPTACLE on the power supply. Plug the MAINS PLUG into a domestic (240V) mains outlet and switch on the mains supply at the outlet.
- ii) Ensure that the LED INDICATOR, on the power supply, is glowing.
- iii) Fully insert the DC PLUG into the "DC IN" socket on the rear panel of the *ACE*. This turns on the internal circuitry and starts the operation of the unit.

To turn off the power input:-

i) Remove the "DC PLUG" from the "DC IN" socket on the ACE.

NOTE: Allow at least three seconds from power removal before re-applying power. Failure to observe this recommendation *may* disturb the operation of the internal microcomputer and *may* affect data storage.

Use of other power supplies

Generally, DON'T! The units have been carefully chosen, and tested by us, for compatibility with the *ACE3* and for compliance with European safety standards. However, there are circumstances where a different operating voltage is desirable (e.g. lower for smaller scales, higher for larger scales than O gauge) and the *ACE3* can accept an input of between 12 to 22V.

⁵ The TT301 Colour-light Signal Decoder, by Traintronics, supports the extended accessory control instructions but we are not aware of any DCC controllers which generate the relevant instructions.

PLEASE ENSURE THAT.....

- A SMOOTHED DC supply is used.
- Absolute maximum voltage is 24V a REGULATED supply is preferable.
- The supply must have built-in protection against short-circuits.
- TRADITIONAL TRANSFORMERS, OR OTHER MODEL RAILWAY CONTROLLERS, MUST NOT BE USED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES!

We suggest that you contact *GFB Designs* (details on page 48) for advice regarding non-standard operating voltages.

2.1.2 Main Track Output

The DCC power to operate your layout is supplied from an internal *booster* circuit and appears on the A and B MAIN terminals. Terminal A is connected to one rail of your track, and terminal B is connected to the other rail, as illustrated in section (1), page 6.

As the DCC signal is *alternating current* in nature, it is not usually critical as to which rail/terminal is which. HOWEVER, it is possible to drive a single non-decoder-equipped (i.e. DC) locomotive on the layout, using an address of 0 (zero). Under this circumstance, terminal A will assume a *positive* potential when the *forward* direction is selected (and *negative* with *reverse* selected).

Selection of wire type and size

We recommend PVC-covered stranded "equipment wire" which is available from www.glrailways.com, most model railway retailers, and all electronic component suppliers. In the UK, the gauge of the wire is specified by the number and diameter of the internal conducting wire strands – commonly used sizes, and typical current ratings, are:-

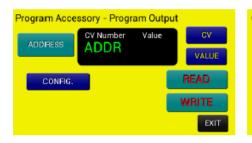
\supset 7/0.2mm (7 strands of 0.2mm dia) 1.4A
□ 16/0.2mm (16 strands) 3.0A
□ 24/0.2mm (24) 4.5A
□ 32/0.2mm (32) 6.0A

The "rule of thumb" is generally "the thicker, the better" but – for practical purposes – we recommend 16/0.2 for small layouts, with no more than about three 00 trains running. 24/0.2 or 32/0.2 will be beneficial for larger setups.

You should now be familiar with the techniques and formats for setting up DCC locomotive decoders using the ACE's PROGRAMMING output.

Procedures for setting up accessory decoders, and "programming on the main", are very similar so the following sections are dedicated to illustrating the relevant screens and highlighting any differences from the above routines.

3.1.2 Initial Setup of Accessory Decoders





Accessory decoders are sometimes referred to as "stationery decoders" as they are used to control devices which – unlike locomotives – do not move around the layout. The main examples are points (turnouts) and signals⁴.

Accessory decoders generally have fewer CVs than locomotive decoders and this is reflected in the above screens. The use of CV numbers, in accordance with the decoder manufacturer's data, will be necessary.

The CONFIGuration of accessory decoders is usually fixed according to its purpose. The ADDRESS METHOD is defined by the NMRA as:-

- Decoder: The decoder has multiple outputs usually 4 or 6 and the DCC address selects the group, or the decoder, as a whole.
- Output: The DCC address selects a specific output. This is always
 the case for decoders which have a single output (e.g. Sig-naTrak®
 GEM point motor).

•

⁴ Note that signals are generally controlled from a standard accessory decoder and not a dedicated signal decoder. The title "signal decoder" refers to a device which is specifically designed to drive multiple-aspect colour-light signals and such devices are generally not supported by most DCC systems.

Decoder CONFIGuration (CV29)

From the "Program Loco Decoder – Program Track" screen, touch CONFIG.

The following screen will appear:-



CV29 is basically a set of software switches within the decoder and your decoder instructions will explain their purposes (which are standardised). Traditionally, it was necessary to calculate the value of CV29 manually but the ACE will do this for you!

As an example, one of the most common configuration changes is the DIRECTION of locomotive travel. We recommend the following procedure:-

- Place the locomotive on your programming track and access the above screen (DECODER SETUP - USE PROGRAMMING TRACK, LOCO -CONFIG.).
- ii) Touch . The ACE will determine the decoder's configuration settings and - more importantly - will set the toggles on the screen accordingly. This means that you will not inadvertently disturb settings that should not be changed (e.g. ADDRESS TYPE - the ACE sets this automatically according to the address value).
- iii) Now touch the toggle for the feature you wish to change in this example. the DIRECTION. The ACE calculates and displays a new value for CV29 (but you don't need to worry what it is).
- iv) Touch and the job is done - loco direction reversed!

REMEMBER – always READ the configuration first; then make your change.

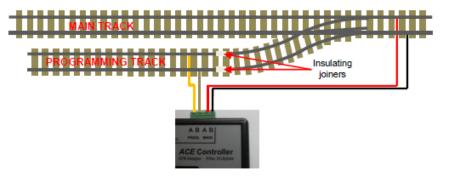
Note that the wire's current rating per se is not the governing factor here – the main desire is to minimise the overall cable resistance in order to keep voltage drops as low as possible.

Whilst discussing voltage drops, it is worth pointing out that the majority of these arise from bad connections – either due to poor soldering, or loose screw terminals. NEVER RELY UPON TWISTING BARE WIRES TOGETHER. TO MAKE ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS!

2.1.3 Programming Track Output

Most decoder setup – or programming – is performed using DCC signals with a specially-limited current output, in accordance with NMRA standards. The ACE provides the "PROG, A B" output for this purpose. Usually, a section of track on your layout will be dedicated as a PROGRAMMING TRACK and used for the setting up of locomotive decoders.

Both rails on the programming track should be electrically-isolated from the rest of your layout and should then be connected to the ACE's "PROG. A B" terminals. This ensures that the current limiting circuitry in the ACE will give a degree of protection to your decoder in the event of wiring faults. A typical scheme is shown below:-



Ensure that any two wires, in a pair carrying DCC signals, are kept close together and NOT arranged in a loop. This is because the wire could otherwise act as an antenna and unintentionally radiate components of the DCC signal, causing possible interference to other equipment. The ACE has been designed in accordance with the relevant European standards in order to minimise such effects.

2.1.4 Connecting the DRIVER Handsets



The *DRIVER* handset (part no: BHS1204) provides a low-cost means of adding up to four additional operators and/or giving a more traditional "knob and switches" method of control. A *DRIVER* can be plugged into any of the A, B, C or D sockets on the rear panel of the *ACE*, using the supplied cable.

NOTE: DO NOT PLUG ANY OTHER TYPE OF DEVICE INTO THESE SOCKETS! They are protected by an internal fuse but this is NOT user-replaceable.

Basic DRIVER features – see sections (2.6) and (2.7) for more details

- Control of speed, direction, DCC functions F0 to F4 and emergency stop is provided. Functions F5 to F28 can be controlled via the ACE's panel.
- Train allocation to the DRIVER is carried out from the HANDSET DRIVE screen on the ACE, corresponding to dispatching on full-size railways.
- Once the train is running, the handset can be locked out, unplugged and moved around your layout without interrupting the train's movement.
 The handset can then be plugged in again – perhaps on an extended lead – and unlocked, to resume driving.
- Trains can be swapped between handsets or between a handset and the ACE's panel control – using the HANDSET DRIVE mode/screen.

Setting other CVs

Modern locomotive decoders - especially those providing digital sound - have a rich set of CVs, many of which are specific to a particular decoder and/or manufacturer.

The key enables the entry of any CV number between 1 and 1024 and the selected CV can then be read and written to as required.

For example.....

One well-known brand of high-quality sound decoder uses CV121 to control the volume of the locomotive's horn. The decoder manual specifies a value range of 0 to 64 for this CV.

To set maximum volume, we would proceed as follows:-

- i) Access the "Program Loco Decoder Program Track" screen (DECODER SETUP – USE PROGRAMMING TRACK, LOCO)
- ii) Touch the key, then type "121" (numeric keys). The CV key will have changed to Touch again, to activate the CV number.
- iii) Touch the VALUE key, then type "64". The VALUE key will have changed to . Touch again, to activate the CV's value.
- iv) Now touch WRITE to program the CV.

v) Assuming that the read back of the manufacturer data was satisfactory, touch the Loco key under the "USE PROGRAMMING TRACK" heading. The following screen will be displayed:-



- vi) Touch the ADDRESS key, then the READ key. The ACE will interrogate the decoder (reading the relevant CVs), calculate the decoder's address and then display the result under the "Value" heading. Assuming that the locomotive is new "out of the box", its address should be 3.
- vii) Now touch ADDRESS , followed by VALUE . Type "4701" using the numeric keypad. The VALUE key will have changed to this key again to activate the entered value.

 Now touch the WRITE key. The decoder will be programmed with the new address of 4701.

Setting other common locomotive performance features

The MIN. POWER (Vstart), MAX. POWER (Vhigh), MID POWER (Vmid), ACCELERATION and DECELERATION keys provide easy access to these parameters so that you do not have to know which CVs control them. Please check your decoder manual, though, to determine the allowable range of values.

For example, to set an acceleration value of 14......

Touch ACCELERATION , VALUE , type "1", "4" (numeric keys) then touch the ENTER key (which was the VALUE key). Now touch WRITE .

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2.2 GENERAL OPERATION

All users should have a working knowledge of this section (2.2) as it deals with fundamental features of the ACE which may be required at any time.

Use of the touch keys – If you are not familiar with touch panels, you may find that it takes a little practice to establish consistency with the operation of the keys. "Touching" a key, requires **positive** pressure – using either your finger or the supplied stylus – for about half a second. A lighter, or faster, touch may not be detected. Sometimes, it is necessary to maintain the pressure on a key, for certain functions, and this is stated where required.

2.2.1 Startup

As the ACE is a microcomputer-controlled device, it needs to perform a precise sequence of operations – from power application - in order to start running correctly. The start-up sequence takes approximately four seconds and consists of:-

- Microcomputer initialisation.
- Display initialisation (the screen will flash this is normal).
- · Self-test (checking of internal data and some hardware functions).
- Retrieval of the train list, accessory list, function key names and data relating to your last operating session.
- Entry to PANEL DRIVE mode.

Note that, during the start-up sequence, the track power is held OFF. Immediately prior to PANEL DRIVE entry, the MAIN A B track power is turned on and a stream of approximately 30 DCC reset packets – followed by a similar number of *idle packets* – is transmitted to ensure that all decoders on the layout start in a defined state.

2.2.2 Track Power Control

The TRACK POWER

button is used to turn the "MAIN A B" output on and off.

It can, therefore, "kill" the power to your entire layout and should obviously be used with care in a multi-operator situation! Bear in mind that – upon restoration of the power – devices on the layout may not be in their previous states. For example:-

- All trains will be reset to STOP.
- Some train functions (e.g. lights, sound etc) may be reset to OFF. (Note – this is a feature of the decoder, not the ACE)
- · Accessories (e.g. points, signals etc) may not reset to the expected position (depending upon the device, its manufacturer and its settings).

Hence, we recommend that the TRACK POWER OFF feature is used only when power removal is essential - e.g. if work on the track is required. For emergency situations - i.e. the rapid stopping of one, or all, train(s) - we suggest the EMERGENCY STOP features, described below.

To turn track power off:-

Touch the button when the power is on. In PANEL DRIVE, HANDSET DRIVE or ACCESSORY CONTROL modes you will see the following display......

POWER OFF

.....which will replace the track current value in the top right-hand corner of the graphics screen.

To turn track power on:-

Touch the button when the power is off. In PANEL DRIVE, HANDSET DRIVE or ACCESSORY CONTROL modes you will see that the track current value is restored, e.g.....

0.32A

.....in the top right-hand corner of the graphics screen.

2.2.3 Emergency Stop Features



key can be used to bring one - or all - trains to an immediate

halt. In cases where a potential collision is observed, or a point is about to be traversed when set incorrectly, it may not be satisfactory to simply set "stop" (i.e. speed step 0) on the controller or handset. This is because the locomotive's decoder may have a deceleration value set and it would take too long for the train to stop!

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- i) Ensure that the programming track is isolated from the remainder of the layout
- ii) Use the previously mentioned drive on/off feature if you have been testing your loco on the default 3 address
- iii) Touch the

key. The following screen will be displayed:-



iv) With the locomotive on the programming track, touch CHECK MFR & V



The main track power will be turned off and the ACE will attempt to read two CVs in the decoder which give information on the decoder manufacturer and the version of its internal software (firmware).

ONCE THE INFORMATION IS DISPLAYED YOU CAN RETURN TO THE DECODER SETUP SCREEN BY TOUCHING THE DISPLAY.

If the read attempt fails, you may be presented with either of the following messages:-

CV READ FRROR II Check connections

OVERLOAD !! Check decoder wiring

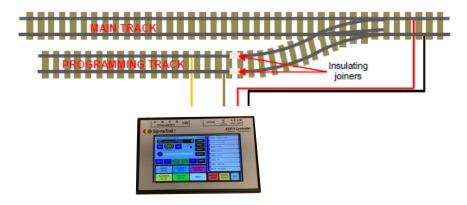
In the first case, you should ensure that you have good connections between the programming track and the PROG A B terminals on the ACE (is the green connector block fully inserted?) and that the locomotive's wheels are making good contact with the track.

The "OVERLOAD" case is potentially more serious and you may need to consult the locomotive and/or decoder supplier. If, however, you installed the decoder yourself then you should carefully check for short-circuits (are the motor terminals fully isolated from the loco's frame and wheel pickups?).

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3.1 USING A PROGRAMMING TRACK

As a reminder, the illustration below shows an example of a programming track which is isolated from your main layout.



Driving on and off the Programming Track

If you press the DECODER SETUP key, you will see on the right hand side below the keypad DRIVE ONTO PROG TRACK Output to the MAIN power via a relay (you will hear a click). Also the screen switches back to the panel driver with a flashing red warning below the speed slider stating the PROG output is set to main power.

You can now drive onto the programming track from the main line (or off it). Once complete, a press of the Decoder Setup key will revert the programming output back to the programming line and you will here a click as the relay switches it over.

You can now proceed with programming your loco on the programming track

WARNING - DO NOT CONNECT THE PROG A&B OUTPUT TO THE MAIN A&B OUTPUT AS THIS MAY DAMAGE THE ACE3

3.1.1 Initial Setup of Train/Locomotive Decoders

For this example, assume that you have a new "DCC fitted" locomotive along with a track configuration similar to that illustrated above. Let's assume that you wish to set the locomotive's address to **4701**.

Proceed as follows:-

Stopping a train quickly (PANEL DRIVE):-

Touching the EMERGENCY STOP button will send a special DCC instruction over the track which will immediately stop the locomotive *currently being* driven from the panel – i.e. it is *train-specific*.

You will see: EMGY - STOP which replaces the track current display.

Note that the speed slider, and "SPEED" (steps) display are reset to zero.

Recovering from emergency stop (PANEL DRIVE):-

Simply touch the EMERGENY STOP button again. The track current display will be restored.

Stopping ALL TRAINS quickly (PANEL DRIVE):-

If you maintain pressure on the EMERGENCY STOP key for about 1.5 seconds, the *ACE* will immediately stop **all trains on the layout.**

You will see: ALL E-STOP which replaces the track current display.

The speed slider, and "SPEED" (steps) display are, again, reset to zero.

NOTE - In this condition, the ACE sends broadcast emergency stop instructions to the track (the NMRA standards specify that ALL locomotive decoders must respond). The track power is NOT turned off.

Recovering from ALL E-STOP

Simply touch the EMERGENY STOP button again. The track current display will be restored

NOTE, also, that this action is used to recover from an ALL E-STOP condition commanded from a DRIVER handset – see below.

Stopping a train quickly (HANDSET DRIVE):-

Pressing the



button on a DRIVER handset momentarily - i.e. for

about 0.5 seconds – will bring the train *currently controlled from that handset* to an immediate stop. All other activity on the layout will continue.

In order to alert other operators, the track current display on the ACE is replaced with:-

H/S E-STOP

This condition applies to the specific train being driven from the handset in question. Track power is NOT turned off.

Recovering from emergency stop (HANDSET DRIVE):-

Recovery from emergency stop initiated from a *DRIVER* handset is rather different from panel drive mode. H/S E-STOP is reset by turning the relevant *DRIVER*'s speed control knob **fully anti-clockwise** (i.e. to "MIN" or normal stop position).

Once the knob is returned to MIN, the track current display on the ACE is restored.

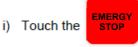
Stopping ALL TRAINS quickly (HANDSET DRIVE):-

Holding the STOP button on a *DRIVER* handset pressed for longer than around 2 seconds will force the *ACE* to immediately stop all trains on the layout. You will see the

ALL E-STOP

display on the ACE's panel.

To restore driving, you must:-



key on the ACE.

ii) Turn the DRIVER's speed control knob fully anti-clockwise.

NOTE that the DRIVER's speed control knob only affects the train controlled by the handset in question.

There are two decoder programming methods:-

i) Operations mode, or "programming on the main". In the case of locomotives, this is used when you wish to adjust features or functions whilst the locomotive is running on the layout. Programming instructions are sent from the ACE's MAIN A B output and the instructions are specifically addressed to an individual locomotive.

An example would be the adjustment of acceleration or deceleration settings in the decoder.

Accessory decoders can also be "programmed on the main" – in other words: whilst connected into the layout. An example here would be the adjustment of the "on time" of an output driving a point motor.

NOTE that it is generally not possible to *read* CV values when programming via the MAIN output.

NOTE ALSO that "programming on the main" is only recommended once a decoder installation has been tested as the full (3.5A or 5A) output current is available from the *ACE* and this could damage the decoder in the event of a wiring fault!

ii) Service mode or via programming track/output. This utilises the PROG. A B output on the ACE and is the method which must be used to set decoder addresses and is the recommended method for new decoder installations

The PROG A B outputs provide a controlled, limited amount of current which helps to protect the delicate decoder circuitry in the event of a wiring fault.

Use of the PROG. A B output has the added advantage that CV values can be **read** by the *ACE* for verification purposes, provided that the decoder also supports the "read back" feature³.

PLEASE NOTE – You should only connect ONE decoder at a time to the PROG. A B output! This is because *service mode* does not address a specific decoder and so ALL decoders receiving the programming instructions will be affected!

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³ The decoder must have a facility to increase the load on the DCC supply for read back purposes. In locomotive decoders, this occurs by pulsing the motor on briefly.

3 DECODER SETUP

Both locomotive and accessory decoders require some degree of setting up, or *customising*, before they can be used on a layout. The setting up process is usually referred to as "programming" and this term is sometimes off-putting for modellers who are unfamiliar with computer-type technology. The *ACE*, however, has been designed to make the decoder setup/programming process as simple as possible.

Every decoder has pieces of data stored within it – these are known as configuration variables, or CVs. Each CV controls a particular feature, or function, within the decoder and many of them have a standardised purpose which is defined by the National Model Railroad Association (NMRA). Many of the more advanced decoders have several CVs which are specific to the decoder in question, and are defined by the decoder manufacturer, so it is very important to read the decoder manufacturer's instructions.

The most important CVs in any decoder are those which determine the address of the locomotive or accessory because – in order to independently control devices on your layout – each device must have a unique address.

Locomotive addresses can have any value between 1 and 9999² and accessory addresses can have any value between 1 and 2044.

NOTE:-

- Accessory addresses between 2040 and 2044 are known as broadcast addresses. ALL accessory decoders on your layout will respond to any of these four addresses. (This can be useful – e.g. for initialising all your points and/or signals.)
- The values of the CVs are retained by the decoder when power is removed so, for example, a locomotive will "remember" its address.
- Locomotive decoders are pre-set to address 3 at the factory.
- Accessory decoders are pre-set to address 1 at the factory.
- The address ranges for locomotives and for accessories are DISTINCT so it is acceptable to have locomotives and accessories with the same address values and they will still be independently controlled.

Special DCC instructions are used for decoder setup and these are automatically generated by the ACE when in DECODER SETUP mode.

² The ACE treats values between 1 and 127 as *short* addresses and 128 to 9999 as *long* addresses.

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2.2.4 Overload Protection

Like all DCC controllers, the ACE has electronic protection circuitry built in to the outputs of its *boosters*.

MAIN A B (track) output

In the event of an overload or short-circuit between the A and B terminals, the following will occur:-

- i) The DCC output will be immediately turned off.
- ii) The ACE will wait about one second.
- iii) The output will be turned back on ("retry").

This cycle repeats until the overload is removed and the audible alarm (highpitched buzzer) will sound. You will also be presented with the following display – *overlaid* on the current screen:-

> OVERLOAD !! Check for short-circuits or de-railments

An overload is defined as current draw, however brief, between the A and B outputs of more than 6A

PLEASE NOTE – Whilst the controller has been designed to withstand constant overloads, and will continue in its "output cycling" state indefinitely, this is NOT a desirable situation as it could lead to issues such as cable overheating or, ultimately, damage to decoders and other layout devices.

ALWAYS CORRECT OVERLOADS AND SHORT-CIRCUITS IMMEDIATELY!

PROG A B (programming) output

The (decoder) programming track output has special protection characteristics as defined by the NMRA. It is designed to protect both the ACE and decoders, and further details are given in section (3.1).

The following sections give a "guided tour" of the ACE's screen displays and describe the associated operating modes and features.

2.3 SYSTEM SETUP

SYSTEM SETUP mode is entered by touching the



The mode can be selected at any time BUT please note that the track power is turned OFF during SYSTEM SETUP. This is because most of the system setup features have a fundamental effect on train and layout operation so their behaviour could be unpredictable if left running!

Upon touching the system setup mode key, the MAIN A B track outputs are immediately turned off and the following screen appears:-



This screen now has one additional button, the Route Setup button. Use this to setup routes for your accessories. For full details see section 5.1 and 5.2

2.3.1 Speed Steps

Any ONE of "14", "28" or "128" can be selected. We recommend the use of 128 speed steps as this gives the most precise and smoothest control of the trains' speed (i.e. best resolution). All modern locomotive decoders support 128 speed steps.

The lower resolution – 14 and 28 – speed step modes have been included to support early decoders. If you need to use either of these, your newer decoders will still work but you will lose their 128 speed step capability.

NOTE: In 14 speed step mode, the locomotive's lights control information is combined with speed instructions. Your decoder must be correctly configured for this - see section (3.1.1).

2.3.2 Consisting

Consisting is the grouping of two or more locomotives (or multiple-unit power cars) on a single train (e.g. "double-heading"). The ACE will allow up to six locomotives in a single consist which works as follows:-

2.8.3 ACCESSORY LIST MODE

A new feature of the ACE3 is being able to use List Mode for accessories to make changing between them easier and guicker. To do this do the following:

From the Accessory Control Screen press the suist button, if you have gone through the setup screen for accessories and agged accessories in, they will appear here as shown below:



Accessories added to the Accessory List in System Setup shown here

Now tap on the accessory you wish to control, then select either the normal or reverse keys to change them.

You will notice a button that is currently in V1.2 Greyed out. This is the Route mode that will allow you to group several accessories together and change them with single button presses.

For example you may have several platforms with routes across multiple points that need to change in order. This mode when released will allow you to specify the order of changing, any delay between changing (possibly to allow a point decoder to recharge between throws) and which way to change.

To return to numeric selection mode, press the keys button as shown below:



2.8 ACCESSORY CONTROL MODE

ACCESSORY Touch the key and a screen similar to that shown below will appear:-

The route button on this screen is now not greved out and can be used. See section 5.2 for details on how to configure routes and how to use them



2.8.1 Selecting an Accessory

An accessory can have an address in the range of 1 to 2044. Take care with addresses 2040-2044, however, as these are defined as broadcast addresses and ALL accessory decoders will respond together!

The format of the above screen should, by now, be familiar! Selection and operation of accessories is accomplished in the same manner as for locomotives/trains but the following points are worthy of note:-

- The last accessory operated, before the ACE was powered down, will be displayed upon entry to the above screen IF the accessory was saved in the ACCESSORY LIST from SYSTEM SETUP.
- If the accessory was saved to the list with a name, then its name will automatically appear.

2.8.2 Controlling the Accessory

using the

Control of accessories is simple as they only have two states: NORMAL or REVERSED (sometimes known as ON/OFF or CLOSED/THROWN).

Once its address has been selected the device is switched, from the screen. NORMAL/ON or the

REVERSED/OFF

- A consist address (number), having a value of between 1 and 127, is chosen. This could be the address of the "lead locomotive" or an independent address, used simply to refer to the entire consist.
- All locomotives in the consist will be sent speed and direction instructions, when the consist address is used, and will all respond together "as one".
- Each locomotive in the consist can be selected to run in its "normal" or "reversed" direction of travel.
- Locomotives' functions F0 (lights) to F8 may be controlled from the consist address - and all locomotives will respond together.
- Each locomotive, however, can be selected to ignore "F0-8" instructions from the consist address. In this case, ALL functions on that locomotive will need to be controlled independently using the individual locomotive's address.
- Functions F9 to F28 (if used) MUST be controlled independently, using the individual locomotive's address.
- Each locomotive in the consist will always respond to its own address.

key will display the following screen:-Touching the CONSISTING



In the above case, an example consist has been previously set up (from this screen). A newly-supplied ACE will display all loco and consist number boxes blank.

As an example - to set up the above consist, proceed as follows:-

i) Touch consist, then touch "6" on the numeric keypad. The CONSIST Touch the key to enter consist address key will have changed to 6.

- ii) Touch the topmost Loco key and type "1", "1", "1" on the numeric pad.

 The LOCO key will have changed to Touch the key again to enter the first loco's address.
- iii) Repeat step (ii) using the second LOCO key, and typing "1", "1", "2" on the numeric pad.
- iv) Touch the DIRECTION and FUNCTIONS toggles, as required.
- v) Touch "OK" on the numeric keypad. The consist data will now be saved in the ACE's memory and CONSIST SAVED will be briefly displayed.

ALL DATA SAVED FROM SYSTEM SETUP SCREENS IS RETAINED WHEN POWER IS REMOVED – i.e. your operating session is restored when the ACE is re-powered next time.

To "break up" ("dissolve") a consist

- i) From the SYSTEM SETUP screen, touch the CONSISTING key.
- Select the desired consist, EITHER using the PREV/NEXT keys or by touching the CONSIST key and typing the consist address on the numeric pad.
 - Notice that all the numbers are WHITE at this stage.
- iii) Accept this consist, by touching "OK" on the numeric pad the numbers will turn GREEN.
- iv) Now touch the DELETE key. You will be challenged with a display asking "ARE YOU SURE?!" and giving a "YES" or "CANCEL" option.

NOTE that all three addresses will be retained in memory as *individual* locomotives.

To remove a locomotive from a consist

- i) Proceed as above up to, and including, step (iii).
- ii) Touch the relevant Loco key (i.e. the one you wish to remove). Notice that its number turns WHITE
- iii) Now touch the DELETE key. You will be challenged with a display asking "ARE YOU SURE?!" and giving a "YES" or "CANCEL" option.

2.7 TRANSFERRING TRAINS BETWEEN OPERATORS

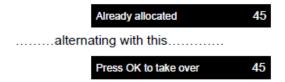
This was briefly mentioned above, with regard to the "slaving" of the panel drive functions screen to a handset.

In general terms......

- Any operator can take over a train from the operator currently driving the train.
- An operator having had a train taken from them can take the train back at any point.

2.7.1 Taking over a train

To take over a locomotive/train, simply select the train – in either PANEL DRIVE or HANDSET DRIVE modes - as described previously. If the loco/train is already being driven, the train data box will show this......



Now touch the OK key (on the numeric pad). The data box will now display.....

NSE CLASS 50 45

......confirming that you are now in control!

2.7.2 Taking a train back ("retrieving")

In the above example, the previous operator will NOW see.......

Taken over! 45
.....alternating with.....

Press LOCO then OK to retrieve 45

They can then take the train back, by touching then OK. Their display will then appear as below, indicating that they are back in control.

NSE CLASS 50 45

If the REV/FWD switch is moved whilst the locomotive/train is in motion, the handset will be *LOCKED OUT* and the message.......



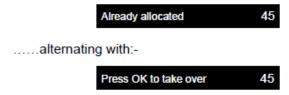
.....will be displayed in the relevant train data box (on the HANDSET DRIVE screen). The loco/train will continue moving at its previously-set speed. Control is resumed when the REV/FWD switch is changed back to match the actual loco/train's direction.

On large layouts, it is advantageous to be able to move around with your train, by unplugging the handset and reconnecting it "further down the line". The above feature allows this without interrupting the train's movement. A *DRIVER BUS CABLE* needs to be installed around the layout to facilitate this – please contact *GFB Designs* for further information.

Functions F0-F4 can be directly controlled from the handset buttons. Note that the buttons need a positive, slightly sustained press in order for the function to respond.

Functions F5-F28 – These can be operated on the loco/train being driven by the handset but they need to be controlled from the "Functions for Current Train" screen on the ACE. This is set up as follows:-

- i) Enter PANEL DRIVE mode.
- ii) Select the required locomotive address (in PANEL DRIVE mode).
- iii) Enter HANDSET DRIVE mode and allocate the (same) locomotive to your chosen handset (as described above). You will now see.....



iv) Touch the OK key on the numeric pad. This will give you control from the handset but you can also revert to the PANEL DRIVE/MORE sub-screen to control functions up to F28.

Emergency stop

This is described fully in section (2.2.3) – page 18. **Remember** that the handset knob must be set to MIN to reset an emergency stop to a single train but ALL E-STOP must be reset from the *ACE*'s panel.

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2.3.3 Train List

The ACE can store data for up to 127 trains in its memory. "Data" includes the locomotive address (number) and an optional name of up to 20 characters.

Locomotives/trains are stored in the *TRAIN LIST*, which is accessible from the SYSTEM SETUP screen, and there are two storage methods:-

 "AD-HOC" – this occurs when a new locomotive address (number) is entered via the PANEL DRIVE or HANDSET DRIVE screen. The locomotive/train is immediately available for driving – and layout operation is not interrupted – but it is not possible to assign a name to the train, at this stage, and the address/number will not be retained in the list when power is removed from the ACE.

Note, however, that an "ad-hoc" locomotive/train can be subsequently named – and/or permanently stored - by selecting SYSTEM SETUP followed by TRAIN LIST (accepting that power will be removed from the layout during this process).

 "NON-VOLATILE" – this means that the locomotive/train's data is retained in the ACE's memory even when power is removed. Nonvolatile storage occurs when a locomotive/train is accessed and/or edited via the TRAIN LIST screen

To access the train list, touch SYSTEM sETUP, followed by TRAIN LIST. The following screen will appear:-



As an example, to enter and store the above train, proceed as follows:-

 Touch the LOCO key and then type in the required address – "1501" in this case – using the numeric keypad.

ACE3 DCC Controller User Manual DCS2044 V1.4 Last Updated: 15/05/2025 Page 23 of 54 Sig-naTrak® by GFB Designs ii) Touch the "OK" key, on the numeric pad, to enter the address.

If the locomotive/train is already in the list, its name will be displayed if previously entered. If the train was not named, or it is a new entry, a "_" will be displayed.

iii) Now type in a name, if required, using the "QWERTY" keypad on the display and/or the numeric keys (you may find it convenient to use the supplied plastic stylus).

Touching the "BACK" key, on the numeric pad, causes the last character to be erased and may be used to amend entries.

- iv) Touch the "OK" key (on the numeric pad) to save the train data to the list.
- v) Now type the function set (A-P) or leave as displayed as desired.
- vi) Finally touch "OK" and the train's data will be saved.

To delete a train from the list

To permanently remove a locomotive/train from the list, proceed as above BUT touch the DELETE key at step (iii). You will be challenged with an "ARE YOU SURE?!" message and given the option to either proceed with the deletion or cancel the operation.

2.3.4 Accessory List

"Accessories" are any fixed devices on your layout, controlled by DCC, such as points, signals, shed doors, building lighting etc. Such devices are operated by *DCC accessory decoders* which are permanently wired into your DCC supply feed (or to the track).

The ACE can store data for up to 85 accessories in its memory. "Data" includes the accessory address (number) and an optional name of up to 20 characters. Like those for locomotives, accessory addresses can either be entered on an AD-HOC basis – via the ACCESSORY CONTROL screen – or permanently stored via the ACCESSORY LIST screen.

To access the accessory list, touch SYSTEM , followed by ACCESSORY LIST

The resulting screen is almost identical to the train list screen and is used in the same manner as described in section (2.3.3) above.

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2.6.1 Allocating Trains to Handsets

PLEASE NOTE – Always pay attention to the *handset selection key* which is currently highlighted. It is to this handset that the train will be allocated! Always start a train allocation process by touching the appropriate handset selection key.

As usual, locomotive/train DCC addresses can range from the value of 1 to 9999. Address 0 can also be selected – as in PANEL DRIVE mode – to control one DC/analogue locomotive.

Train and handset allocations are retained in the ACE's memory after power down so that your last operating session is saved.

In the example illustrated above, we have a locomotive with address 45 named "NSE CLASS 50" already stored in the train list. To allocate this locomotive to *handset B*, proceed as follows:-

- i) Touch the B key it will now be highlighted.
- ii) EITHER: touch the Loco key, and then enter the loco's address (45 in this case) using the numeric keys. The LOCO key will change to . Touch the key again to activate the address.
 - OR: Use the PREV or the NEXT key to scroll through your train list until you find loco 45 (in this case, its name will also be displayed as it was previously named when added to the list).
 - OR: Touch the to control, key, then tap on the loco in the list you wish it will now show on the display

2.6.2 Controlling from the DRIVER Handset

Now, provided that a DRIVER handset is plugged into handset socket B, the locomotive can be driven from the handset.

Speed control – using the rotary knob – is self-explanatory but please note that you must set the speed to zero before switching direction.

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2.6 HANDSET DRIVE MODE

The HANDSET DRIVE mode manages the operation of up to four of our basic *DRIVER* handsets. This provides a very low-cost means of adding extra operators. The handsets are designated A, B, C and D and any combination of the four sockets can be used at any time.

The system works by selecting the HANDSET DRIVE screen on the *ACE* and allocating a train to a desired handset. The train is then driven from the handset.

CAUTION!

Only the Sig-naTrak® DRIVER (BHS1204) handset will work! DO NOT attempt to plug any other device into the A, B, C or D handset sockets – damage could occur!

To enter HANDSET DRIVE mode, touch the HANDSET DRIVE key. You will be presented with a screen similar to the following:-



Note that the illustration above shows an example of a train assigned to a plugged-in handset and being driven – see below.

Train data boxes

These are all GREY until a handset is plugged in, whereupon the box turns BLACK. Note, however that a train can still be entered into a box even though a handset may not be plugged in to the relevant socket (as shown for handset A above).

2.3.5 Function Names

"Functions" are features on a DCC locomotive decoder – other than speed and direction control – which have a simple "on/off" characteristic. The most common example is lights but many decoders support several other functions and sound decoders can have features such as whistle/horn, brake squeal, coupling "clank" and many others.

The ACE provides control of up to 29 functions (as defined by the NMRA), designated "LIGHTS", "F1", "F2",...... up to "F28". You can, however, assign different names to the function keys via the FUNCTION NAMES screen.

To access this screen, touch SYSTEM followed by FUNCTION NAMES , and you will be presented with:-



This screen operates in the same manner as the train and accessory list screens, with the following exceptions:-

 There are always 29 functions available – functions cannot be deleted

V1.4 Update allows for all functions to have 6 characters per button. It also now allows there to be sets A-Z and lowercase a-z giving a maximum different variation of 52 function sets, handy if you have a lot of different loco functions

2.3.6 Audible Alarm

A high-pitched buzzer is available to give acknowledgement of certain actions within the ACE. This can be turned on by touching the "Sound" toggle on the SYSTEM SETUP screen. NOTE that the buzzer will always sound in the event of a main track output overload.

2.3.7 Display Brightness

This is controlled with the "Display Brightness" slider on the bottom righthand corner of the SYSTEM SETUP screen. Its setting is stored when power is removed from the ACE.

2.4 HELP SCREENS

Touching the HELP key will display a *help screen* which is appropriate to the mode that the ACE is currently operating in.

Please note that the HELP information can only be brief, and so it cannot be a substitute for this user manual, but it is intended as an "aide memoire" to assist during operating sessions.

An example help screen – in this case – related to the PANEL DRIVE mode is shown here:-

Help for Panel Drive

To SELECT a train.....

EITHER: Press NEXT or PREV to scroll through Train List.

OR: Press LOCO then type required number (address), using numeric keypad. Press ENTER.

To DRIVE the selected train.....

Select DIRECTION by pressing the toggle.

Control lights, horn etc. by pressing LIGHTS/F1/F2/F3/F4.

Control SPEED either with the slider or the INC/DEC keys.

TO RETURN FROM A HELP SCREEN, PRESS RETURN KEY IN LOWER RIGHT OF THE SCREEN

2.5.4 Function Control - F0 (LIGHTS) to F4

A single touch of the LIGHTS key will *toggle* the locomotive's lights (if fitted) between ON and OFF. Notice that the key is **dark blue**, and has a slight 3D effect, when the LIGHTS are commanded **off**. This changes to a **lighter blue**, and a flat effect, when an **on** command is being sent.

All function keys perform in the same manner.

Momentary functions can be controlled by maintaining pressure on the relevant key for about 1.5 to 2 seconds. You will see the key change from dark blue to light blue, and then back to dark blue again.

If you release the key at this point, the ACE will have transmitted a function **on-off** command and the key will be reset ready for the next time that you require the function.

An example of a momentary function is a brief sounding of an air horn. Your decoder instructions should clarify which functions are momentary.

2.5.5 Functions F5 to F28

Touching the MORE key (in the bottom right-hand corner of the PANEL DRIVE screen) will give access to the following screen:-



All available functions, for the train selected on the panel, can be controlled from this screen. The buttons work identically to those on the PANEL DRIVE screen.

Touching EXIT will return you to the PANEL DRIVE screen.



Loco list mode

The loco list is a brand new feature on the ACE3 over the ACE2. It allows you to quickly select different locomotives.

Once you have entered locos in the system setup they will appear here in the order that they were added. If more than 8 locos are added the scroll bar in blue will become active and allow you to scroll up and down through your list.

If you select a locomotive using the numeric keypad it will appear in the loco list, however, if you have not added it to the loco list in system setup, after you power off it will disappear so as not to fill up the list.

2.5.2 Setting the Direction of Travel

Touching the "DIR" toggle changes between forward ("FWD") and reverse ("REV") directions with each touch.

NOTE – if the direction is changed whilst the train is moving, the speed is instantly commanded to **stop**. This is to avoid an abrupt direction change, at speed, which is un-realistic but could also damage the locomotive's motor or mechanism.

2.5.3 Starting the Train and Controlling the Speed

EITHER the slider OR the DEC/INC buttons may be used.

A single touch of the DEC or the INC button will decrease or increase the speed by **one step**. Maintaining pressure on the button will cause it to *auto-repeat*, thus *ramping* the speed down or up at the rate of about **one step per second**.

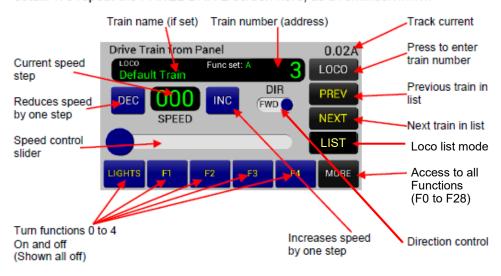
NOTICE that the speed setting is digitally displayed. A **three-digit** display indicates that the *ACE* is operating in **128 speed steps**, whilst a **two-digit** display indicates either **14 or 28** speed step mode.

COMMANDING EMERGENCY STOP, OR TRACK POWER OFF WILL RESET THE SPEED TO ZERO/STOP.

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2.5 PANEL DRIVE MODE

The driving of trains from the panel was basically covered in section (1) so this section is intended to "build on" that information and highlight some more detail. We repeat the PANEL DRIVE screen here, as a reminder........



2.5.1 Selecting the Train

Locomotive/train addresses (numbers) can range from **1 to 9999.**Upon entry to PANEL DRIVE mode, the address of the last locomotive driven will be displayed. This also applies when the ACE is powered up as the main details of your last operating session are stored when power is removed.

To change the locomotive/train......

- i) Touch the Loco key, then type the required address using the numeric keypad. The "BACK" key can be used to correct any mistyping of the number.
- ii) The LOCO key will have changed to key again to take control of the train.

Use the PREV or the NEXT key to scroll back or forward through the train list until you find the desired address.

iii) Touch the key, then tap on the loco in the list you wish to control, it will now show on the main display

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